



Prodcom: Statistics on the production of manufactured goods (44)

EUROSTAT Unit G-1, Ms Inger Oehman

Guy Vekeman (guy.vekeman@ec.europa.eu - Tel. +352.4301.37623) Brian Williams (brian.williams@ec.europa.eu - Tel. +352.4301.33593)





Prodcom 1. GENERAL BACKGROUND

Prodcom is a statistical system for the collection and dissemination of statistics on the production of manufactured goods.

The title comes from the French "PRODuction COMmunautaire" (Community Production) for extractive industries and manufacturing: NACE sections C and D.

It is based on a product classification called the Prodcom List which consists of about 4500 headings relating to manufactured products.

MS report the value and the volume of production by product.

SCREENING OF CROATIA AND TURKEY – CHAPTER 18, STATISTICS EXPLANATORY MEETING, BRUSSELS, 19.-20.JUNE 2006





Prodcom 2. THE ACQUIS

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) N° 3924/91 of 19 December 1991 on the establishment of a Community survey of industrial production

COMMISSION REGULATION (EC) No 912/2004 of 29 April 2004 implementing Council Regulation (EEC) No 3924/91 on the establishment of a Community survey of industrial production

COMMISSION REGULATIONS (EC) No No 347/2003, 210/2004 and 317/2006 establishing the 'Prodcom list' of industrial products provided for by Council Regulation (EEC) No 3924/91 for 2003, 2004 and 2005 resp.

Data are annual. (Monthly data on steel production from 2003 to 2005.) Data are collected among enterprises with 20+ persons employed. Data delivered need to cover at least 90% of the total production (by NACE class).

SCREENING OF CROATIA AND TURKEY – CHAPTER 18, STATISTICS EXPLANATORY MEETING, BRUSSELS, 19.-20.JUNE 2006





Prodcom 2. THE ACQUIS (continued)

- Enterprises are required to report the value and volume of production for each product they produce. The deadline for transmission to Eurostat is 6 months.
- Products are detailed using 8-digit codes; the first 4 digits refer to the NACE Rev1.1 classification in which the producing enterprise is normally classified. Six digits make up the Statistical Classification of Products by Activity (CPA).
- Most headings correspond to one or more Combined Nomenclature (CN) codes, but some headings (mostly industrial services) have no CN equivalent.
- All nomenclatures are available at Eurostat's classification server (RAMON).

SCREENING OF CROATIA AND TURKEY – CHAPTER 18, STATISTICS EXPLANATORY MEETING, BRUSSELS, 19.-20.JUNE 2006





ProdCom 3. MOST PROBLEMATIC ISSUES

- Quarterly and monthly Prodcom data are not required, but some MS organize data collection with monthly or quarterly frequency.
- The enterprises to be surveyed are usually selected from the Business Register, using the NACE class indicated by the first 4 digits of the Prodcom code. Some countries use sampling.
- If production is below 1% of the Community total for all products in a NACE class, countries may report zero production for those products





Prodcom 4. FUTURE ACQUIS

Matching production and foreign trade statistics: Europroms.

Different product nomenclatures (Prodcom list & CN) are integrated: data are displayed by Prodcom heading (or aggregate of headings) and monthly trade is aggregated by CN- code and over time to match the annual Prodcom statistics.

The Prodcom list is revised every year. It needs to keep track of major trends within manufacturing and to mirror changes to the CN.





Prodcom 5. SPECIFIC QUESTIONS

As for many statistics, Turkey and Croatia have been attending working group sessions for Prodcom.

Croatia has been sending Prodcom data since 2001, enabling Eurostat to evaluate the level of compliance.

Turkey has not yet sent any Prodcom data. Questions will be raised on the progress in implementing the Prodcom regulation.